Muna buƙatar ka'idodin da ke ba da damar duk mutane su shiga cikin muhawarar gaskiya, sanarwa, da dimokuradiyya, inda mutane ke da damar samun bayanai da ilimin da ke da mahimmanci ga zaman lafiya, ƙarfafawa, haɗin kai na jama'a, da kuma fahimtar juna.

Kafaffen tarihin haƙkin sadarwa, waɗannan ƙa'idodin sun tanadi duniyar da: Kowane mutum yana da damar sadarwa, faɗakarwa, da raba ilimi. Wannan yana buƙatar samun daidaiton hanyoyin sadarwa da kuma 'yancin faɗar albarkacin baki.

Kowane mutum na da hakkin ya shiga cikin sadarwar jama'a tare da la'akari musamman ga tsiraru da ƙungiyoyi masu rauni. Wannan yana buƙatar haɗaɗɗiyar jagoranci da haɗin kai na abubuwan more rayuwa na kafofin watsa labarai da dandamali na dijital.

Kowane mutum na da hakkin samun hanyar sadarwa ta gaskiya da rashin son zuciya. Wannan na buƙatar ƙa'idodi na ɗabi'a, bin diddigi, da kuma gyara don kura-kurai

Kowane mutum na da hakkin a girmama shi. Wannan yana buƙatar bayyana gaskiya da bin diddigin kafofin watsa labarai da dandalin sadarwa na zamani.

Kowane mutum na da hakkin samun sirri da sarrafa bayanansa, da kuma goge bayanansa, muddin ba su da hannu wajen cin zarafin ɗan Adam ko aikata laifuka. Wannan ya kamata ya kasance abu mai muhimmanci kuma mai muhimmanci ga ainihin dijital na kowane mutum kuma yana buƙatar tsarin doka waɗanda ke daidaita haƙkin kebewa da kuma kare haƙkin ɗan Adam.

Kowa na da hakkin ya mallaki al'adunsa da na harshe. Wannan yana buƙatar sarari don bambancin harshe da al'adu, da samun dama ga mallaka da kuma sarrafa kafofin watsa labarai.

Kowane mutum na da hakkin ya sami ƙwarewar sadarwa da ilimin watsa labarai. Wannan yana buƙatar horon da ya dace da al'ada da tattaunawa, sauraro, buɗewa, da ƙwarewar tunani mai muhimmanci.

Kowane mutum yana da damar samun tushen wutar lantarki mai dorewa don ba da dama ga kafofin watsa labaru na dijital ko na lantarki. Wannan yana buƙatar samun damar yin amfani da fasaha kamar makamashin hasken rana ko makamashi mai amfani da karfin iska.

Kowa na da hakkin samun na'urori masu araha ko damar jama'a zuwa na'urori a wurare masu aminci. Wannan yana buƙatar albarkatun tattalin arziki da kuma "yancin gyarawa."

About the language

Hausa is spoken as a first or second language by about 40-50 million people in West and Central Africa, according to brittanica.com

About the translator

Journalists for Christ International Outreach (JFC International) is a Christian media organisation devoted to spreading the gospel among journalists and other media professionals and using media skills to promote Christian activities in Nigeria.